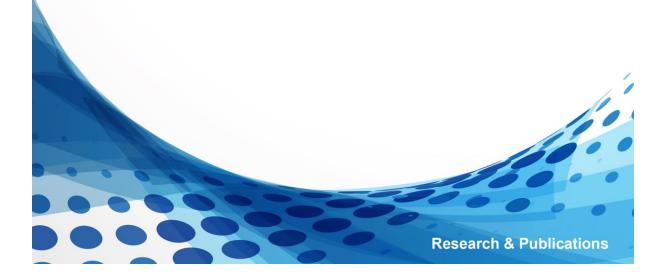




## Comparative analysis of sustainability related disclosure frameworks: SFDR, IFC PS, and BRSR

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### Comparative analysis of sustainability related disclosure frameworks: SFDR, IFC PS, and BRSR

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#### Comparative analysis of sustainability related disclosure frameworks: SFDR, IFC PS, and BRSR

#### Abstract:

This study is an attempt to compare and contrast the existing sustainability-related frameworks – Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulations (SFDR) introduced by the European Union, Business responsibility and sustainability reporting (BRSR) introduced by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) and the International Finance Corporation Performance Standards (IFC PS) developed by the International Finance Corporation. The content analysis method has been employed to gain an in-depth understanding of the indicators included in these frameworks. Our key findings suggest that SFDR is the most comprehensive of the three frameworks considered. The BRSR framework stops at the disclosures related to the business itself. However, the IFC PS is the most adaptable as compared to the other two frameworks considered for this study.

#### Introduction:

In the recent past, awareness about climate change and sustainability has grown among the various stakeholders, and investors are no exception. As a result, investors are showing increasing interest in addressing the issue at hand by making sustainable investments. According to the Global Sustainable Investment Review 2022 (GSIR), global sustainable investment has surpassed the \$ 30trillion milestone. The report further states that there is a 20% growth in assets under management (AUM) for sustainable investments compared to the 2020 levels as per the same report (GSIA, 2023). However, growing sustainable investments comes with challenges such as information asymmetry and greenwashing (Lambillon & Chesney, 2023). To address these concerns, various disclosure frameworks that capture specific information related to environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) to improve information accessibility and enhance transparency and accuracy have been developed (Chopra et al., 2024; Singhania & Saini, 2023). This in turn better equips investors to navigate their sustainable investment journey.

With this background, in this study, the authors have attempted to compare and contrast the existing frameworks - Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulations (SFDR) introduced by the European Union, Business responsibility and sustainability reporting (BRSR) introduced by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) and International Finance Corporation Performance Standards (IFC PS) developed by International Finance Corporation.

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European Union introduced SFDR, through Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 (REGULATION (EU) 2019/2088, 2019). This regulation mandates the financial sector to address the information gap related to sustainability risk and its impact on various financial products. The main objective of SFDR is to provide investors with information about the sustainability-related factors of financial products so that they can make well-informed decisions while investing in financial markets. As per the SFDR, financial market participants need to categorize their strategies/ products as one of the following categories: those pursuing sustainable investments as their primary objective (Article 9), those promoting certain environmental and social parameters but do not pursue sustainable investments as their primary goal and those not having sustainability as a priority (Article 6) (Platform on Sustainable Finance, 2022; Regulation (EU) 2022/1288, 2022).

The Business Responsibility and Sustainability Reporting (BRSR) framework was introduced by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) In 2021, with the objective of providing much-needed guidance to Indian businesses for integrating ESG principles into their operational practices (SEBI, 2021c). IFC PSs were introduced by the International Finance Corporation in 2012 and are one of the most longstanding among the three frameworks considered for this study. These standards are designed to help the clients through risk avoidance, mitigation and management and thus help them display sustainability in business by actively engaging the stakeholders and fulfilling the disclosure obligations (IFC, 2012a).

SFDR focuses on the financial market participants and investor oriented. On the other hand, BRSR covers Indian businesses from all sectors. It has been introduced to let companies report ESG indicators in a standardized way and to facilitate easy access to relevant information to investors for making informed decisions. IFC PSs are directed towards the IFC clients as mentioned – "party responsible for implementing and operating the project that is being financed, or the recipient of the financing" (IFC, 2012a). Thus, it takes a broader stance as compared to both SFDR and BRSR. Depending on who the client is (project or a fund), the focus of the PSs shifts, however, the ultimate objective is to have sustainability both environmental and social, transparency, and good governance.

#### **Research method and analysis:**

This study attempts to compare and contrast SFDR, BRSR and IFC PS. To gain an in-depth understanding and compare the indicators included in these frameworks, the content analysis method has been employed by the authors (Wahyuningrum et al., 2023). For comparison following documents were studied:

Framework	Related documents considered for the analysis
name	
SFDR	1. SFDR Regulation (REGULATION (EU) 2019/2088, 2019; Regulation (EU) 2022/1288, 2022)
BRSR	<ol> <li>BRSR Circular (SEBI, 2021c)</li> <li>BRSR Reporting Format (SEBI, 2021a)</li> <li>BRSR Guidance note (SEBI, 2021b)</li> </ol>
IFC PS	<ol> <li>IFC Performance Standards (IFC, 2012a)</li> <li>IFC PS Guidance Note (IFC, 2012b)</li> <li>EHS Guidelines (IFC, 2007)</li> <li>IFC's Approach to Greening Equity Investments in Financial Institutions (IFC, 2020)</li> <li>IFC's Green Equity Approach (GEA) 2023 Update (IFC, 2023)</li> </ol>

Table 1 List of documents considered for comparison of SFDR	. BRSR and IFC PS

For simplicity purposes, both BRSR and IFC PS indicators have been compared against the indicators of the SFDR. Table 1 provides a broad overview of these frameworks by covering the following aspects: authors, main objective, geographic focus, who prepares these disclosures, regulatory framework applicable, reporting frequency and content structure of the framework. Table 1 also covers framework specific observations. The comparison tables (tables 3.1, 3.2 and 3.3) comprehensively compare indicators across three frameworks.

#### **Conclusion:**

Based on our analysis, SFDR has emerged as the most comprehensive framework for the financial market participants. BRSR like SFDR lays out well-defined indicators. However, the BRSR framework stops at the disclosures related to the business itself, whereas the SFDR goes a step further by including the indicators related to the investee companies. On the other hand, IFC PS is the most adaptable among all the three frameworks considered for this study. In overall, this study lays a solid foundation for understanding which indicators are covered by these three frameworks and to what extent.

#### Table 2: Overview of SFDR, BRSR and IFC PS

Descriptio	SFDR	Business responsibility and	IFC Performance Standards		
n		sustainability reporting (BRSR)			
Authors	European Union	Securities and Exchange Board of	International Finance Corporation (IFC)		
		India (SEBI)			
Observatio	SFDR has 64 indicators	140 indicators are listed in the BRSR.	IFC PS covers a wide spectrum of the requirements of environmental,		
ns	for SFDR 8 and 9	Sections A, B, and C cover 24, 12, social, and corporate governance <sup>1</sup> . However, specific in			
	compliance. These	and 104 indicators, respectively.	reporting parameters such as Scope 1, Scope 2, Scope 3, Total GH		
	indicators are also		emissions, GHG intensity, and share of non-renewable energy,		
	supported by specific	Section C has 9 principles	consumption, and production are not mentioned for reporting explicitly		
	questions (for the total	comprising essential (mandatory)	It may be noted that they are specifically mentioned in the BRSR		
	number of questions,	and leadership (voluntary) indicators.	through 140 indicators and in SFDR through six Annexes.		
	please refer to Table 4	Leadership indicators are voluntary	As per PS 3 Resource Efficiency and Pollution Prevention – Paragraph		
	provided at the end of	indicators, and therefore, disclosure	7 -		
	the document).	of such indicators is discretionary for	GHG emission - the client will quantify direct emissions from the		
	Third-party verification is	the company.	facilities owned or controlled within the physical project boundary		
	voluntary in the case of		(Footnote 6 & 7 of Paragraph 7 of IFC PS) <sup>2</sup>		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> - The PSs are not of a regulatory nature, even though financial institutions that adopt the PSs commit to applying them to the business activities they finance, and their investee companies commit to applying the PSs through legal agreements.

<sup>-</sup> The PSs and their related Guidance Notes do not require compliance with specific quantitative levels and measures. However, by referring to the EHS Guidelines, they require that "when host country regulations differ from the levels and measures presented in the EHS Guidelines, projects are expected to achieve whichever is more stringent (PS Overview, para. 7).

<sup>-</sup> It is not the responsibility of the financial institution to apply the PSs, but that of the business activities it finances. The financial institution monitors implementation of the PSs by the business activities it finances.

Source: Promoting Interoperability Across Environmental and Social Risk Management Frameworks (May 2023)

https://www.ifc.org/content/dam/ifc/doc/2023-delta/ifc-epa-research-promoting-interoperability-across-es-risk-management-frameworks.pdf <sup>2</sup> IFC PS

Descriptio	SFDR	Business responsibility and	IFC Performance Standards
n		sustainability reporting (BRSR)	
	SFDR reporting	BRSR does not cover energy	
	however, such	consumption intensity per high-	IFC PS 6 mandates third-party verification. Refer to the text below:
	verification provides	impact climate sector.	"According to PS 6 Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable
	transparency and		Management of Living Natural Resources – IFC PS Guidance Note 6 GN
	creditability to the	Third-party verification is voluntary in	130) PS - 6 requires external verification or certification to an
	reported disclosures.	the case of the BRSR reporting	appropriate voluntary standard as a way of providing additional
	however, such verification provide		assurance that clients are adequately addressing environmental and
		transparency and creditability to the	social sustainability issues."
		reported disclosures.	
			Further, IFC PS 2 Labor and Working Conditions provide flexibility to
			address social indicators in-depth by including different type of workers,
			including direct workers, contracted workers and supply chain workers.
Main	The main goal is to	BRSR allows investors to access	The Performance Standards are directed toward clients, guiding them
objective	inform investors about	ESG parameters disclosed in a	in identifying risks and impacts. These standards are also designed to
	the sustainability-related	standardized manner. This is a step	avoid, mitigate, and manage risks & impacts and thereby demonstrating
	factors of financial	towards helping investors to make	sustainability in business, including stakeholder engagement and
	products so that they	informed investment decisions by	disclosure obligations of the client in relation to project-level activities.
	can make well-informed	providing f relevant and comparable	In the case of its direct investments (including project and corporate
		information so that investors can use	finance provided through financial intermediaries), IFC requires its

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> - The quantification of emissions should consider all significant sources of greenhouse gas emissions, including non-energy related sources such as methane and nitrous oxide, among others and 7 - Project-induced changes in soil carbon content or above ground biomass, and project-induced decay of organic matter may contribute to direct emissions sources and shall be included in this emissions quantification where such emissions are expected to be significant.

Descriptio	SFDR	Business r	esponsibility	and	IFC Performance Standards
n		sustainability	reporting (BRSF	R)	
	decisions while investing	this information	to identify and		clients to apply the Performance Standards to manage environmental
	in financial markets.	assess compan	nies' sustainability	/_	and social risks and impacts so that development opportunities are
		related risks an	d opportunities.		enhanced (IFC PS Paragraph 1).
		Disclosing para	meters will allow		
		companies to d	lisplay their		
		sustainability-re	elated objectives	and	
		performance, which may help			
		companies create long-term value		ue	
		for the stakeholders.			
Geographi	European Union	India			All IFC clients
c focus					
Who	Financial market	Initially, the top	1,000 listed		Client
submits	participants (FMPs) to	companies (by	market capitaliza	tion)	(The term "client" is used broadly throughout the Performance
these	disclose social and	have been man	idated to report		Standards to refer to the party responsible for implementing and
reports?	environmental aspects	BRSR. Howeve	r, companies ma	у	operating the project that is being financed or the recipient of the
	on both entity (for	choose to trans	sition in advance.		financing, depending on the project structure and type of financing. The
	example, asset	BRSR reporting will be implemented		nted	term "project" is defined in Performance Standard 1. – IFC PS footnote
	manager) and financial	in a phased ma	nner.		1)
	product (for example,				
	fund level)				

Descriptio	SFDR	Business	responsibility	and	IFC Performance Standards
n		sustainabilit	y reporting (BRSF	R)	
Regulatory	Sustainable Finance	Business res	ponsibility and		Best practices (Not a regulation); however, host country regulations are
Framework	Disclosure Regulation	sustainability	reporting by listed		mandatory for all the aspects as applicable from PS 1, PS 2 to PS 8.
	(EU) 2019/2088	entities			
		Circular No.:	SEBI/HO/CFD/CM	D-	
		2/P/CIR/202	/562		
Reporting	Periodic	Annually			Varies from project to project and its impacts - minimally on an annual
frequency					basis for the following instances –
					For projects that are expected to or currently produce more than 25,000
				tonnes of CO2-equivalent annually, client will conduct the quantitative	
				analysis of GHG emissions annually in accordance with internationally	
					recognized methodologies and good practices. (PS 3 Resource
					Efficiency and Pollution Prevention – Paragraph - 8)
					Ongoing Reporting to Affected Communities
					If the management program results in material changes in or additions
					to the mitigation minimum annually. (PS 2 Labor and Working
					Conditions – Paragraph – 36)
Content	Qualitative and	Qualitative a	nd quantitative		Principles of guidelines – stating what type of information or disclosure
Structure	quantitative disclosures.	disclosures v	vith essential and		can be provided under each performance standard to different
	Templates shared for	leadership in	dicators		stakeholders.
	quantitative disclosures				

Descriptio	SFDR	Business responsibility and IFC Performance Standards
n		sustainability reporting (BRSR)
		Disclosure requirements are divided
		into three sections:
		- General disclosures
		- Management and processes
		Principle-wise performance.

**Source**: Authors' compilation from the documents mentioned in Table 1

The following three tables compare the reporting requirements across SFDR, IFC PS, and BRSR.

#### Table 3.1 Indicator wise comparison of SFDR, BRSR and IFC PS (SFDR Table 1)

SFDR Requirements			BRSR Requirements	IFC PS requirements
Table 1				
Indicators applicable to investments in investee companies Adverse sustainability Metric indicator		ents in investee	This applies to companies that are	This applies to "Client" as defined in IFC
			mandated to report BRSR	PS
		Metric		
CLIMATE AN	ND OTHER ENVIRON	MENT-RELATED		
INDICATOR	S			
Greenhous	1. GHG emissions	Scope 1 GHG emissions	Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and	IFC PS requires the applicable regulations
е		Scope 2 GHG emissions	make efforts to protect and restore the	of the host country for the various aspects.
gas			environment (essential indicator 6)	Further, the IFC PS guideline provides
emissions			Provide details of greenhouse gas	flexibility to report these indicators under
			emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions)	PS 3 Resource Efficiency and Pollution
			& emission intensity in the following format.	Prevention (Greenhouse Gases –
		Scope 3 GHG emissions	Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and	Paragraphs 7 and 8) covers the following:
			make efforts to protect and restore the	" For projects that are expected to or
			environment (leadership indicator 4)	currently produce more than 25,000 tonnes
			Please provide details of total Scope 3	of CO2-equivalent annually, the client will
			emissions & emission intensity in the	quantify direct emissions from the facilities
			following format.	owned or controlled within the physical

Total GHG emissions       Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and make efforts to protect and restore the environment (essential indicator 6 and leadership indicator 4)       production of energy used by the project. Quantification of GHG emissions will be conducted by the client annually in accordance with internationally recognized methodologies and good practice (Footnote 9 - Estimation methodologies are provided by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, various international organizations, and relevant host country agencies. )."         Further, Annex A of the Guidance Note 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution	SFDR Requirements			BRSR Requirements	IFC PS requirements
environment (essential indicator 6 and leadership indicator 4) Production of energy used by the project. Quantification of GHG emissions will be conducted by the client annually in accordance with internationally recognized methodologies and good practice (Footnote 9 - Estimation methodologies are provided by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, various international organizations, and relevant host country agencies. )." Further, Annex A of the Guidance Note 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution			Total GHG emissions	Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and	project boundary, as well as indirect
Image: Second				make efforts to protect and restore the	emissions associated with the off-site
conducted by the client annually in accordance with internationally recognized methodologies and good practice (Footnote 9 - Estimation methodologies are provided by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, various international organizations, and relevant host country agencies. )." Further, Annex A of the Guidance Note 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution				environment (essential indicator 6 and	production of energy used by the project.
accordance with internationally recognized methodologies and good practice (Footnote 9 - Estimation methodologies are provided by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, various international organizations, and relevant host country agencies. )." Further, Annex A of the Guidance Note 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution				leadership indicator 4)	Quantification of GHG emissions will be
methodologies and good practice (Footnote         9 - Estimation methodologies are provided         by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate         Change, various international organizations,         and relevant host country agencies. )."         Further, Annex A of the Guidance Note 3 -         Resource Efficiency and Pollution					conducted by the client annually in
9 - Estimation methodologies are provided by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, various international organizations, and relevant host country agencies. )." Further, Annex A of the Guidance Note 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution					accordance with internationally recognized
by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change, various international organizations, and relevant host country agencies. )." Further, Annex A of the Guidance Note 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution					methodologies and good practice (Footnote
Change, various international organizations, and relevant host country agencies. )." Further, Annex A of the Guidance Note 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution					9 - Estimation methodologies are provided
and relevant host country agencies. )." Further, Annex A of the Guidance Note 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution					by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate
Further, Annex A of the Guidance Note 3 -         Resource Efficiency and Pollution					Change, various international organizations,
Resource Efficiency and Pollution					and relevant host country agencies. )."
					Further, Annex A of the Guidance Note 3 -
Prevention covers the "Suggested GHG					Resource Efficiency and Pollution
Trevention covers the ouggested on o					Prevention covers the "Suggested GHG
Quantifying and Monitoring Practices".					Quantifying and Monitoring Practices".
2. Carbon Carbon footprint GHG (scope 1, 2, and 3) included in GHG emissions (scope 1 & 2) included in		2. Carbon	Carbon footprint	GHG (scope 1, 2, and 3) included in	GHG emissions (scope 1 & 2) included in
footprint Principle 6- Businesses should respect and PS 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution		footprint		Principle 6- Businesses should respect and	PS 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution
make efforts to protect and restore the Prevention				make efforts to protect and restore the	Prevention
environment				environment	
3. GHG intensity GHG intensity of investee Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and The IFC PS guidelines provide flexibility in		3. GHG intensity	GHG intensity of investee	Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and	The IFC PS guidelines provide flexibility in
of investee companies make efforts to protect and restore the reporting these indicators under PS 3 -		of investee	companies	make efforts to protect and restore the	reporting these indicators under PS 3 -
companies environment (essential indicator 6 and Resource Efficiency and Pollution		companies		environment (essential indicator 6 and	Resource Efficiency and Pollution
leadership indicator 4)				leadership indicator 4)	

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS requirements
		GHG intensity for Scope 1 and 2 is required.	Prevention, which has one of the objectives,
		However, as highlighted previously, Scope	"To reduce project-related GHG emissions."
		3 falls under the leadership indicator.	PS 3 also includes (paragraphs 7 and 10):
		Therefore, a company may choose not to	" In addition to the resource efficiency
		disclose the same.	measures described above, the client will
			consider alternatives and implement
			technically and financially feasible and cost-
			effective options to reduce project-related
			GHG emissions during the design and
			operation of the project."
			"The client will avoid the release of
			pollutants or, when avoidance is not
			feasible, minimize and/or control the
			intensity and mass flow of their release."
4. Exposure to	Share of investments in	Section A: General Disclosures – under	IFC has released "IFC's Approach to
companies active	companies active in the	Products/services head (Indicator 14)	Greening Equity Investments in Financial
in the fossil fuel	fossil fuel sector	14. Details of business activities (accounting	Institutions" in 2020 and 2023. This
sector		for 90% of the turnover)	approach is in alignment with the Paris
			Agreement and provides guidance on
			"IFC's coal and climate criteria for existing
			and new equity investments".
			Key points of this approach include:

SFDR Requirements	BRSR Requirements	lF	FC PS requirements
		•	The approach is consistent with the Paris Agreement and in line with the WBG's
		•	Energy Sector Directions Paper The approach addresses IFC's exposure to coal in client financial institutions' (FIs) portfolios where IFC investments cannot
		•	be ringfenced Under the GEA IFC works with client Fis where we have equity or equity-like
			exposures to increase their climate lending and reduce their exposure to coal-related projects
		•	IFC will continue working with equity investees that may have portfolio exposure to coal activities until 2030 as long as that exposure is on the reduction
			trajectory in line with the limits set by the GEA Under the GEA client FIs are required to
			publicly disclose, on annual basis, their aggregated exposures to coal-related projects on/in their website/annual report

SFDR Requirer	ments		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS requirements
				and/or on the IFC's Project Information Portal
ri c	5. Share of non- renewable energy consumption and production	Share of non-renewable energy consumption and non-renewable energy production of investee	Principle – 6 Businesses should respect and make efforts to protect and restore the environment (leadership indicator 1) Provide break-up of the total energy	Portal Staring January 1st, 2023 IFC requires a commitment from FI clients to not originate and finance any new coal projects from the time IFC becomes a shareholder. However, the GEA is silent about fossil fuels other than coal (crude oil and natural gas). GEA is also silent about non-fossil fuel energy such as nuclear energy and green hydrogen. IFC PS is silent on this indicator. However, the guideline provides flexibility to report these indicators under PS 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution Prevention
þ	broduction	companies from non- renewable energy sources compared to renewable energy sources, expressed as a percentage of total energy sources	<ul> <li>Provide break-up of the total energy consumed (in Joules or multiples) from renewable and non-renewable sources, in the following format:</li> <li>From non-renewable sources</li> <li>Total electricity consumption (D)</li> <li></li> </ul>	(Paragraph 7), which includes "Adoption of renewable or low carbon energy sources" as "technically and financially feasible and cost-effective options to reduce project- related GHG emissions during the design and operation of the project".

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS requirements
		Total energy consumed from non-	Also, "Annex B - Electric utility companies
		renewable sources (D+E+F)	and other companies with exposure to coal"
			of "IFC's Approach to Greening Equity
			Investments in Financial Institutions"
			includes "Project and/or corporate finance
			to such companies as listed in Point 1
			above with a specified use of proceeds that
			is not coal related (e.g. for the expansion of
			electricity generation from renewables,
			will not count towards the coal exposure
			of the client financial institution"
			However, the GEA is silent about fossil fuels
			other than coal (crude oil and natural gas).
			GEA is also silent about non-fossil fuel
			energy such as nuclear energy and green
			hydrogen.
6. Energy	Energy consumption in	BRSR is silent on this indicator.	IFC PS is silent on this indicator. However,
consumption	GWh per million EUR of		the guideline provides flexibility in reporting
intensity per high	revenue of investee		these indicators under PS 3 - Resource
impact climate	companies, per high		Efficiency and Pollution Prevention, and IFC
sector	impact climate sector		PS Guidance Note 3 GN 1 addresses "large
			projects with potentially significant
			emissions and/or high impacts, however,

SFDR Requi	rements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS requirements
				may require monitoring of impacts on the
				surrounding environment paragraph 11
				of this Performance Standard 3 and this
				Guidance Note."
				Further, Annex A of the Guidance Note 3
				Resource Efficiency and Pollution
				Prevention covers "Suggested GHG
				Quantifying and Monitoring Practices".
Biodiversity	7. Activities	Share of investments in	Principle – 6 Businesses should respect and	Entire PS 6 – Biodiversity Conservation and
	negatively	investee companies with	make efforts to protect and restore the	Sustainable Management of Living Natural
	affecting	sites/operations located in	environment (essential indicator 10)	Resources (Paragraph 6,7,30 – for this
	biodiversity-	or near to biodiversity-	If the entity has operations/offices in/around	indicator)
	sensitive areas	sensitive areas where	ecologically sensitive areas (such as	The entire PS is dedicated to biodiversity.
		activities of those investee	national parks, wildlife sanctuaries,	It aims to identify and address the negative
		companies negatively	biosphere reserves, wetlands, biodiversity	impacts that may occur due to the project
		affect those areas	hotspots, forests, coastal regulation zones	by the client and promotes the protection
			etc.) where environmental approvals /	and conservation of biodiversity.
			clearances are required, please specify	
			details in the following format:	As a signatory to various UN Conventions,
			<ul> <li>Location of operations/offices</li> </ul>	host country ensures and confirms PS6
			•	requirements are adhered to.

SFDR Requ	SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS requirements
			<ul> <li>If no, the reasons thereof and corrective action taken, if any.</li> </ul>	
Water	8. Emissions to water	Tonnes of emissions to water generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average	Principle - 6 Businesses should respect and make efforts to protect and restore the environment (essential indicators 1, 3 and leadership indicator 2) Can be derived from disclosures related to water and emissions	PS 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution Prevention - Can be derived from disclosures related to water and emissions PS 3 (paragraph 9) includes, "When the project is a potentially significant consumer of water, in addition to applying the resource efficiency requirements of this Performance Standard, the client shall adopt measures that avoid or reduce water usage so that the project's water consumption does not have significant adverse impacts on others." and data about
Waste	9. Hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio	Tonnes of hazardous waste and radioactive waste generated by investee companies per million EUR invested, expressed as a weighted average	Principle 6 Businesses should respect and make efforts to protect and restore the environment (essential indicator 8) covers "Provide details related to waste management by the entity" requires company to report "Other Hazardous waste. Please specify, if any."	emissions. The guidance on the disposal of hazardous waste management has been provided under the Wastes and Hazardous Materials Management sections of PS 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution Prevention (paragraphs 12 and 13).

SFDR Requi	rements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS requirements
				Paragraph 12 - The client will avoid the
				generation of hazardous and non-hazardous
				waste materials. Where waste developing
				their own recovery or disposal facilities at
				the project site.
				Paragraph 13 - Hazardous materials are
				sometimes used as raw material or
				produced as product by the project. The
				client will avoid potential for depletion of
				the ozone layer.
INDICATOR	S FOR SOCIAL AND	EMPLOYEE, RESPECT		
FOR HUMAN	N RIGHTS, ANTI-COI	RRUPTION AND ANTI-		
BRIBERY MA	ATTERS			
Social and	10. Violations of	Share of investments in	BRSR is silent on this indicator.	IFC PS 2 Labor and Working Conditions
employee	UN Global	investee companies that		extensively deals with the labour, worker
matters	Compact	have been involved in		and worker management issues. The main
	principles and	violations of the UNGC		objectives of PS 2 are as mentioned below:
	Organisation for	principles or OECD		"
	Economic	Guidelines for		To promote the fair treatment, non-
	Cooperation and	Multinational Enterprises		discrimination, and equal opportunity of
	Development			workers.
	(OECD)			• To establish, maintain, and improve the
	Guidelines for			worker-management relationship.
	Guidelines for			worker-management relationship.

SFDR Requirements	BRSR Requirements	IFC PS requirements
Multinational		To promote compliance with national
Enterprises		employment and labor laws.
		To protect workers, including vulnerable
		categories of workers such as children,
		migrant workers, workers engaged by
		third parties, and workers in the client's
		supply chain.
		To promote safe and healthy working
		conditions, and the health of workers.
		• To avoid the use of forced labor."
		As mentioned above, the main objectives of
		this PS are in alignment with the UN Global
		Compact principles and Organisation for
		Economic Cooperation.
		Also, PS 2 mentions the following:
		"The requirements set out in this
		Performance Standard have been in part
		guided by a number of international
		conventions and instruments, including
		those of the International Labour

	BRSR Requirements	IFC PS requirements
		Organization (ILO) and the United Nations
		(UN)."
f Share of investments in	BRSR is silent on this indicator.	IFC PS 2 Labor and Working Conditions
and investee companies		extensively deals with the labour, worker
e without policies to		and worker management issues.
ms to monitor compliance with		
the UNGC principles or		PS 2 paragraph 8 includes, "The client will
e with OECD Guidelines for		adopt and implement human resources
Multinational Enterprises	;	policies and procedures appropriate to its
or grievance/complaints		size and workforce that set out its approach
and handling mechanisms to		to managing workers consistent with the
idelines address violations of th	e	requirements of this Performance Standard
ational UNGC principles or		and national law".
s OECD Guidelines for		
Multinational Enterprises		Further, PS 2 paragraph 20 also addresses
		this indicator by "Grievance Mechanism".
		This paragraph mentions, "The client will
		provide a grievance mechanism for workers
		(and their organizations, where they exist)
		to raise workplace concerns or
		administrative remedies that might be
		available under the law or through existing
		arbitration procedures, or substitute for
	and investee companies without policies to monitor compliance with the UNGC principles or ce with OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises or grievance/complaints and handling mechanisms to address violations of th ational UNGC principles or OECD Guidelines for	ofShare of investments in investee companiesBRSR is silent on this indicator.s andinvestee companiescewithout policies to monitor compliance with the UNGC principles orce withOECD Guidelines forIMultinational Enterprises or grievance/complaintsandhandling mechanisms to address violations of the ationalUNGC principles or

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS requirements
			grievance mechanisms provided through
			collective agreements."
12. Unadjusted	Average unadjusted	PRINCIPLE 5 - Businesses should respect	PS 2 - Labor and Working Conditions
gender pay gap	gender pay gap of	and promote human rights (essential	(paragraphs 15 and 16) says, "The client will
	investee companies	indicator 3)	hiring, compensation (including wages
		Details of remuneration/salary/wages, in the	and benefits), disciplinary practices."
		following format:	
		Gender wise data to be provided in terms of	
		Number and Median remuneration/salary/	
		wages of respective category:	
		Note: The indicator asks for the median	
		salary, not the average salary, which is	
		required to derive the indicator of the SFDR.	
13. Board gende	er Average ratio of female to	Section A: General Disclosures (Indicator	PS 2 - Labor and Working Conditions
diversity	male board members in	19) Participation/Inclusion/Representation of	According to Human Resources Policies
	investee companies,	women	and Procedures section (Paragraph 8),"The
	expressed as a		client will adopt and implement human
	percentage of all board		resources policies this Performance
	members		Standard and national law."
			Non-Discrimination and Equal Opportunity
			section (paragraphs 15 and 17) include –
			"The client will not make employment
			decisions on the basis of personal

SFDR Requi	SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS requirements
				characteristics (Footnote – 9) unrelated to
				inherent job requirements."
				Footnote 9 of guidelines says 9 "Such as
				gender, race, nationality, ethnic, social and
				indigenous origin, religion or belief,
				disability, age, or sexual orientation." -
	14. Exposure	Share of investments in	Section A: General Disclosures – under	IFC PS is silent on this specific indicator.
	to controversial	investee companies	Products/services head (Indicator 14)	However, the guideline provides flexibility in
	weapons (anti-	involved in the	14. Details of business activities (accounting	reporting under PS 1 - Assessment and
	personnel mines,	manufacture or selling of	for 90% of the turnover)	Management of Environmental and Social
	cluster munitions,	controversial weapons		Risks and Impacts (paragraph 4). "This
	chemical			Performance Standard applies to business
	weapons and bio			activities with environmental and/or social
	logical weapons)			risks and/or impacts, have yet to be
				identified "
INDICATOR	S APPLICABLE TO I	NVESTMENTS IN	Not applicable	This has to be decided by the fund or the
SOVEREIGNS AND SUPRANATIONALS			company where they invest	
Adverse sustainability Metric		Metric		
indicator				
Environmen	15. GHG intensity	GHG intensity of investee		Refer to appropriate government
tal		countries		documents.

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS requirements	
Social	16. Investee	Number of investee		Refer to appropriate government
	countries subject	countries subject to social		documents.
	to social violations	violations (absolute		
		number and relative		
		number divided by all		
		investee countries), as		
		referred to in international		
		treaties and conventions,		
		United Nations principles		
		and, where applicable,		
		national law		
INDICATOR	SAPPLICABLE TO II	NVESTMENTS IN REAL		
ESTATE ASS	ETS			
Adverse sus	tainability	Metric		
indicator				
Fossil fuels	17. Exposure to	Share of investments in	Section A: General Disclosures – under	IFC has released "IFC's Approach to
	fossil fuels	real estate assets	Products/services head (Indicator 14)	Greening Equity Investments in Financial
	through real	involved in the extraction,	14. Details of business activities (accounting	Institutions" approach in 2020 and 2023.
	estate assets	storage, transport or	for 90% of the turnover)	This approach is in alignment with the Paris
		manufacture of fossil fuels		Agreement and provides guidance on
				"IFC's coal and climate criteria for existing
				and new equity investments".

SFDR Requirements	BRSR Requirements	IFC PS requirements
		Key points of this approach are as listed
		below:
		"
		• The approach is consistent with the Paris
		Agreement and in line with the WBG's
		Energy Sector Directions Paper
		The approach addresses IFC's exposure
		to coal in client financial institutions' (FIs)
		portfolios where IFC investments cannot
		be ringfenced
		Under the GEA IFC works with client Fis
		where we have equity or equity-like
		exposures to increase their climate
		lending and reduce their exposure to
		coal-related projects
		IFC will continue working with equity
		investees that may have portfolio
		exposure to coal activities until 2030 as
		long as that exposure is on the reduction
		trajectory in line with the limits set by the
		GEA
		Under the GEA client FIs are required to
		publicly disclose, on annual basis, their

SFDR Requ	irements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS requirements
				aggregated exposures to coal-related projects on/in their website/annual report and/or on the IFC's Project Information Portal"
				Approach further states that "Staring January 1st, 2023 IFC requires a commitment from FI clients to not originate and finance any new coal projects from the time IFC becomes a shareholder." However, the GEA is silent about fossil fuels other than coal (crude oil and natural gas). GEA is also silent about non-fossil fuel energy such as nuclear energy and green hydrogen.
Energy efficiency	18. Exposure to energy-inefficient real estate assets	Share of investments in energy-inefficient real estate assets	Section A: General Disclosures – under Products/services head (Indicator 14) 14. Details of business activities (accounting for 90% of the turnover)	IFC PS is silent on this indicator. However, the guideline provides flexibility to report these indicators under PS 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution Prevention (Paragraph 7), which includes "Adoption of renewable or low carbon energy sources" has been included as "technically and financially feasible and cost-effective options to reduce project-related GHG

SFDR Requirements	BRSR Requirements	IFC PS requirements
		emissions during the design and operation
		of the project".
OTHER INDICATORS FOR PRINCIPAL ADVERSE	Principle adverse impact in only part of	Principle adverse impact in only part of
IMPACTS ON SUSTAINABILITY FACTORS	the SFDR– Not applicable for BRSR	the SFDR – Not applicable for IFC PS
[Information on the principal adverse impacts on		
sustainability factors referred to in Article 6(1), point (a) in the		
format in Table 2]		
[Information on the principal adverse impacts on		
sustainability factors referred to in Article 6(1), point (b), in		
the format in Table 3]		
[Information on any other adverse impacts on sustainability		
factors used to identify and assess additional principal		
adverse impacts on a sustainability factor referred to in		
Article 6(1), point (c), in the format in Table 2 or Table 3]		
Description of policies to identify and prioritise principal		
adverse impacts on sustainability factors [Information		
referred to in Article 7]		
Engagement policies [Information referred to in Article 8]		
References to international standards [Information referred to		
in Article 9]		
Historical comparison [Information referred to in Article 10]		

**Source**: Authors' compilation from the documents mentioned in Table 1

#### Table 3.2 Indicator wise comparison of SFDR, BRSR and IFC PS (SFDR Table 2)

SFDR Requirements			BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
Table 2ADDITIONAL CLIMATE AND OTHER ENVIRONMENT-RELATED INDICATORS				
Adverse	Adverse impact on	Metric		
sustainabili	sustainability factors			
ty impact	(qualitative or			
	quantitative)			
INDICATORS APPLICABLE TO INVESTMENTS IN			This applies to companies that are	This applies to "Client" as defined in IFC
INVESTEE C	INVESTEE COMPANIES		mandated to report BRSR	PS
CLIMATE AN	CLIMATE AND OTHER ENVIRONMENT-RELATED			
INDICATORS	6			
Emissions	1. Emissions of	Tonnes of inorganic	BRSR is silent on this indicator.	IFC PS is silent on this indicator. However,
	inorganic pollutants	pollutants equivalent		the guideline provides flexibility to report
		per million EUR		these indicators under PS 3 – Resource
		invested, expressed		Efficiency and Pollution Prevention
		as a weighted		(paragraphs 10 to 17).
		average		
				Also, sector specific WB EHSG are to be
				referred parallelly, for all the physical,
				chemical and biological pollution challenges

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements	
				and compliance to the requirements. In WB
				EHSG, Both Ambient Air Quality (General
				Approach section) and Wastewater
				Management (Industrial Wastewater
				section) provides relevant guidance on the
				inorganic pollutant.
	2. Emissions of air	Tonnes of air	Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and	PS 3 Resource Efficiency and Pollution
	pollutants	pollutants equivalent	make efforts to protect and restore the	Prevention (Paragraph - 10)
		per million EUR	environment (essential indicator 5) details of	"The client will avoid the release of
		invested, expressed	air emissions (other than GHG emissions)	pollutants or, applies to the release of
		as a weighted	by the entity that covers	pollutants to air, water, and land due to
		average	• NOx	routine, non-routine, and accidental
			•	circumstances with the potential for local,
			Others – please specify	regional, and transboundary impacts."
	3. Emissions of ozone-	Tonnes of ozone-	BRSR is silent on this indicator.	PS3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution
	depleting substances	depleting		Prevention (paragraph 13) and WB EHSG
		substances		(paragraph 1.1) cover Hazardous Materials
		equivalent per		Management –
		million EUR		"Hazardous materials are sometimes used
		invested, expressed		as raw material The client will avoid the
		as a weighted		manufacture, trade, and use of chemicals
		average		and hazardous materials subject to

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements	
				international bans or phase-outs due to their
				high toxicity to living organisms,
				environmental persistence, potential for
				bioaccumulation, or potential for depletion
				of <b>the ozone layer</b> ." "
	4. Investments in	Share of	As reported in Principle 6 - Businesses	IFC has released "IFC's Approach to
	companies without	investments in	should respect and make efforts to protect	Greening Equity Investments in Financial
	carbon emission	investee companies	and restore the environment (leadership	Institutions" in 2020 and 2023. This
	reduction initiatives	without carbon	indicator 6)	approach is in alignment with the Paris
		emission reduction	If the entity has undertaken any specific	Agreement and provides guidance on
		initiatives aimed at	initiatives or used innovative technology or	"IFC's coal and climate criteria for existing
		aligning with the	solutions to improve resource efficiency, or	and new equity investments.
		Paris Agreement	reduce impact due to emissions / effluent	
			discharge / waste generated, please provide	PS 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution
			details of the same as well as outcome of	Prevention (objectives and paragraph 7) has
			such initiatives, as per the following format	one of the objectives of reducing project-
				related GHG emissions and also
				encourages that "In addition to the resource
				efficiency measures described above, the
				client will consider alternatives and
				implement technically and financially
				feasible and cost-effective options to reduce

SFDR Requirements			BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
				project-related GHG emissions during the
				design and operation of the project."
Energy	5. Breakdown of	Share of energy	As reported in Principle 6 - Businesses	IFC PS is silent on this indicator. However,
performanc	energy consumption	from non-renewable	should respect and make efforts to protect	the guideline provides flexibility to report
е	by type of non-	sources used by	and restore the environment (leadership	these indicators under PS 3 - Resource
	renewable sources of	investee companies	indicator 1)	Efficiency and Pollution Prevention
	energy	broken down by	Provide break-up of the total energy	(paragraph 7)
		each non-	consumed (in Joules or multiples) from	"Adoption of renewable or low carbon
		renewable energy	renewable and non-renewable sources. This	energy sources" has been included as
		source	is a Leadership indicator – a company may	"technically and financially feasible and
			or may not disclose the same.	cost-effective options to reduce project-
				related GHG emissions during the design
				and operation of the project."
Water,	6. Water usage and	1. Average amount	As reported in Principle 6 - Businesses	PS 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution
waste and	recycling	of water consumed	should respect and make efforts to protect	Prevention (objectives and paragraph 9)
material		by the investee	and restore the environment (essential	"When the project is a potentially significant
emissions		companies (in cubic	indicators - 3 and leadership indicators - 2)	consumer of water, in addition to applying
		meters) per million	1. Provide details of the following	the resource efficiency requirements of this
		EUR of revenue of	disclosures related to water in the following	Performance Standard, the client shall
		investee companies	format (essential indicator)	adopt measures that avoid or reduce water
		2. Weighted average	and	usage so that the project's water
		percentage of water		

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
	recycled and reused	2. Provide the following details related to	consumption does not have significant
	by investee	water discharged (leadership indicators)	adverse impacts on others."
	companies		
7. Investments in	Share of	As reported in Principle 6 - Businesses	IFC PS Guidance Note 6, GN50.
companies without	investments in	should respect and make efforts to protect	"For all projects that have the potential to
water management	investee companies	and restore the environment (essential	significantly convert or degrade natural
policies	without water	indicators 3 and 4)	habitats Management Plan, Induced
	management	Provide details of the following disclosures	Access Management Plan, or Water
	policies	related to water, in the following format	Management Plan)."
		and	
		Has the entity implemented a mechanism	
		for Zero Liquid Discharge? If yes, provide	
		details of its coverage and implementation	
8. Exposure to areas of	Share of	Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and	PS 3 Resource Efficiency and Pollution
high water stress	investments in	make efforts to protect and restore the	Prevention (paragraph 11 and IFC PS
	investee companies	environment (leadership indicator 3)	Guidance Note 3 and GN25) covers water
	with sites located in		stress – indirectly by covering "To address
	areas of high water		potential adverse project impacts on
	stress without a		existing ambient conditions,in this
	water management		Performance Standard, when the project
	policy		has the potential to constitute a significant
			source of emissions in <b>an already</b>

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements	
			degraded area, the client will consider	
			additional strategies and adopt measures	
			that avoid or reduce negative effects." for	
			air, surface and groundwater, and soils.	
9. Investments in	Share of	Section A: General Disclosures – under	IFC PS is silent on this indicator. However,	
companies producing	investments in	Products/services head (Indicator 14)	the guideline provides flexibility to report	
chemicals	investee companies	14. Details of business activities (accounting	these indicators under PS 1 - Assessment	
	the activities of	for 90% of the turnover):	and Management of Environmental & Social	
	which fall under		Risks and Impacts (paragraph 4 - Scope of	
	Division 20.2 of		Application) can help in identifying the	
	Annex I to		business undertaken activities by the client	
	Regulation (EC) No		- " This Performance Standard applies to	
	1893/2006		business activities with environmental	
	(Sector includes –		and/or social risks and/or impacts"	
	Manufacture of			
	pesticides and			
	other agrochemical			
	products)			
10. Land degradation	Share of	Section A: General Disclosures – under	PS 3 Resource Efficiency and Pollution	
desertification, soil	investments in	Products/services head (Indicator 14)	Prevention (paragraph 11) covers water	
sealing	investee companies	14. Details of business activities (accounting	stress – "To address potential adverse	
	the activities of	for 90% of the turnover):	project impacts on existing ambient	
	which cause land		conditions constitute a significant source of	

SFDR Requirements			BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
		degradation,		emissions in an already degraded area,
		desertification or soil		the client will consider additional
		sealing		strategies and adopt measures that avoid or
				reduce negative effects. " for air, surface,
				and groundwater, and <b>soils</b> .
11. Inv	vestments in	Share of	Principle 8 Businesses should promote	PS 6 Biodiversity Conservation and
compa	anies without	investments in	inclusive growth and equitable development	Sustainable Management of Living Natural
sustair	nable	investee companies	(essential indicator 1)	Resources (paragraphs 26 to 30 and entire
land/a	griculture	without sustainable	Details of Social Impact Assessments (SIA)	PS 6)
practio	ces	land/agriculture	of projects undertaken by the entity based	Clients who are engaged in the primary
		practices or policies	on applicable laws and Provide information	production of living natural resources,
			on project(s) for which ongoing	including natural and plantation forestry,
			Rehabilitation and Resettlement (R&R) is	agriculture, animal husbandry, aquaculture,
			being undertaken by your entity, in the	and fisheries, will be subject to the
			following format – essential indicator	requirements of paragraphs 26 through 30,
				in addition to the rest of this Performance
				Standard.
12. Inv	vestments in	Share of	Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and	PS 6 Biodiversity Conservation and
compa	anies without	investments in	make efforts to protect and restore the	Sustainable Management of Living Natural
sustair	nable	investee companies	environment (essential indicator 10)	Resources (paragraphs 11 and 12 and IFC
ocean	s/seas practices	without sustainable	If the entity has operations/offices in/around	PS Guidance Note 1, GN35) covers
		oceans/seas	ecologically sensitive areas (such as	Modified habitats that may include areas
		practices or policies	national parks, wildlife sanctuaries,	managed for agriculture, forest plantations,

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements	
			biosphere reserves, wetlands, biodiversity	reclaimed coastal zones, and reclaimed
			hotspots, forests, coastal regulation zones	wetlands.
			etc.) where environmental approvals /	
			clearances are required, please specify	
			details in the following format	
	13. Non-recycled	Tonnes of non-	Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and	PS 3 Resource Efficiency and Pollution
	waste ratio	recycled waste	make efforts to protect and restore the	Prevention covers – handling of non-
		generated by	environment (essential indicator 8).	recycled waste (Paragraph 12 and WB
		investee companies	Waste management - "For each category of	EHSG paragraph 1.6)
		per million EUR	waste generated, total waste disposed by	One of the objectives of this PS includes
		invested, expressed	nature of disposal method (in metric	"To avoid or minimize adverse impacts on
		as a weighted	tonnes)".	human health and the environment by
		average		avoiding or minimizing pollution from
				project activities." (Objectives)
				" Where waste cannot be recovered or
				reused, the client will treat, destroy, or
				dispose of it in an environmentally sound
				manner"
	14. Natural species	1. Share of	Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and	IFC PS provides flexibility to report this
	and protected areas	investments in	make efforts to protect and restore the	indicator under PS 6 Biodiversity
		investee companies	environment (essential indicator 10)	Conservation and Sustainable Management
		whose operations	If the entity has operations/offices in/around	of Living Natural Resources (Critical Habitat
		affect threatened	ecologically sensitive areas (such as	– Paragraphs 16, 17, 18, and 19)

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
	species	national parks, wildlife sanctuaries,	"Critical habitats are areas with high
	2. Share of	biosphere reserves, wetlands, biodiversity	biodiversity value, including (i) habitat of
	investments in	hotspots, forests, coastal regulation zones	significant importance to Critically
	investee companies	etc.) where environmental approvals /	Endangered and/or Endangered species; (ii)
	without a	clearances are required, please specify	habitat of significant importance to endemic
	biodiversity	details in the following format	and/or restricted-range species; (iii) habitat
	protection policy		supporting globally significant
	covering operational		concentrations of migratory species and/or
	sites owned, leased,		congregatory species; (iv) highly threatened
	managed in, or		and/or unique ecosystems; and/or (v) areas
	adjacent to, a		associated with key evolutionary
	protected area or an		processes."
	area of high		
	biodiversity value		
	outside protected		
	areas		
15. Deforestation	Share of	Section B - Management and Process	PS 4 Community Health, Safety, and
	investments in	Disclosures (Indicator 4)	Security (paragraph 8) and IFC PS
	companies without a	Name of the national and international	Guidance Note 6 GN 13
	policy to address	codes/certifications/labels/ standards (e.g.	"The project's direct impacts on priority
	deforestation	Forest Stewardship Council, Fairtrade,	ecosystem services may result in adverse
		Rainforest Alliance, Trustea) standards (e.g.	health and safety risks and impacts
			For example, land use changes or the loss

SFDR Requir	rements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
			SA 8000, OHSAS, ISO, BIS) adopted by	of natural buffer areas such as wetlands,
			your entity and mapped to each principle.	mangroves, and upland forests
			Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and	Where appropriate an exacerbated by
			make efforts to protect and restore the	climate change. Adverse impacts should be
			environment (essential indicator 10)	avoided in accordance with paragraphs
			If the entity has operations/offices in/around	24 and 25 of Performance Standard 6. With
			ecologically sensitive areasare required,	respect to the useparagraphs 25–29 of
			please specify details in the following format	Performance Standard 5."
Green	16. Share of securities	Share of securities	BRSR is silent on this specific indicator.	IFC PS is silent on this specific indicator.
securities	not issued under Union	in investments not		
	legislation on	issued under Union		
	environmentally	legislation on		
	sustainable bonds	environmentally		
		sustainable bonds		
INDICATOR	S APPLICABLE TO INVES	TMENTS IN	Not applicable	This has to be decided by the fund or the
SOVEREIGN	S AND SUPRANATIONAL	_S		company where do they invest
Green	17. Share of bonds not	Share of bonds not		Refer to appropriate government
securities	issued under Union	issued under Union		documents.
	legislation on	legislation on		
	environmentally	environmentally		
	sustainable bonds	sustainable bonds		
INDICATOR	S APPLICABLE TO INVES	TMENTS IN REAL		
ESTATE ASS	ETS			

SFDR Requir	ements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
Greenhouse	18. GHG emissions	Scope 1GHG	Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and	IFC PS requires the applicable regulations
gas		emissions generated	make efforts to protect and restore the	of the host country for the various aspects.
emissions		by real estate assets	environment (essential indicator 6)	Further, IFC PS guideline provides flexibility
			Provide details of greenhouse gas	to report these indicators under
			emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions)	PS 3 Resource Efficiency and Pollution
			& emission intensity in the following format	Prevention (Greenhouse Gases –
		Scope 2 GHG	Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and	Paragraphs 7 and 8) covers the following:
		emissions generated	make efforts to protect and restore the	" For projects that are expected to or
		by real estate assets	environment (essential indicator 6)	currently produce more than 25,000 tonnes
			Provide details of greenhouse gas	of CO2-equivalent annually, the client will
			emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions)	quantify direct emissions from the facilities
			& emission intensity in the following format	owned or controlled within the physical
		Scope 3 GHG	Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and	project boundary, as well as indirect
		emissions generated	make efforts to protect and restore the	emissions associated with the off-site
		by real estate assets	environment (leadership indicator 4)	production of energy used by the project.
			Please provide details of total Scope 3	The client will conduct the quantification of
			emissions & emissions intensity in the	GHG emissions annually in accordance with
			following format	internationally recognized methodologies
		Total GHG emissions	Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and	and good practices (Footnote 9 - Estimation
		generated by real	make efforts to protect and restore the	methodologies are provided by the
		estate assets	environment (essential indicator 6 and	Intergovernmental Panel on Climate
			leadership indicator 4)	Change, various international organizations,
				and relevant host country agencies. )."

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements	
			Total Scope 1 and 2 emissions are part of the mandatory disclosures.	
Energy consumptio n	19. Energy consumption intensity	Energy consumption in GWh of owned real estate assets per square meter	<ul> <li>Principle – 6 Businesses should respect and make efforts to protect and restore the environment (essential indicator 1)</li> <li>Details of total energy consumption (in Joules or multiples) and energy intensity, in the following format</li> <li>Total electricity consumption (A)</li> <li></li> <li>(Total energy consumption/ turnover in rupees)</li> </ul>	PS 3 - Resource Efficiency and Pollution Prevention (Paragraph 6) includes "The client will implement technically Where benchmarking data are available, the client will make a comparison to establish the relative level of efficiency."
Waste	20. Waste production in operations	Share of real estate assets not equipped with facilities for waste sorting and not covered by a waste recovery or recycling contract	BRSR is silent on this indicator. However, the guideline provides flexibility to report these indicators under Principle 6 - Businesses should respect and make efforts to protect and restore the environment (essential indicator 8) Provide details related to waste management by the entity, in the following format	IFC PS is silent on this indicator. However, the guideline provides flexibility in reporting these indicators under WB EHSG paragraph 1.6 Waste Management. General Waste Management and Hazardous Waste Management

SFDR Requir	rements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
			Total Waste generated (in metric tonnes)	
			Plastic waste (A)	
			•	
			(Break-up by composition i.e. by	
			materials relevant to the sector)	
			For each category of waste generated, total	
			waste recovered through recycling, re-using	
			or other recovery operations (in metric	
			tonnes)	
Resource	21. Raw materials	Share of raw	BRSR is silent on this indicator. However,	IFC PS is silent on this indicator. However,
consumptio	consumption for new	building materials	the guideline provides flexibility in reporting	the guideline provides flexibility in reporting
n	construction and major	(excluding	these indicators under Principle 2 -	these indicators under PS 3 - Resource
	renovations	recovered, recycled	Businesses should provide goods and	Efficiency and Pollution Prevention
		and bio-sourced)	services in a manner that is sustainable and	(Paragraph 6) and IFC PS Guidance Note 3
		compared to the	safe (leadership indicator 3) that covers	GN 10.
		total weight of	"Percentage of recycled or reused input	"The client will implement technically
		building materials	material to total material (by value) used in	objective of conserving raw materials,
		used in new	production (for manufacturing industry) or	energy, and water"."
		construction and	providing services (for service industry)."	"This involves continuous environment
		major renovations		by conserving raw materials, water, and

SFDR Requi	rements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
				energy, be good international industry practice."
Biodiversity	22. Land	Share of non-	BRSR is silent on this indicator.	PS 6 - Biodiversity Conservation and
	artificialisation	vegetated surface		Sustainable Management of Living Natural
		area (surfaces that		Resources Paragraph 14 and IFC PS
		have not been		Guidance Note 6 GN 42 covers
		vegetated in ground,		"The client will not significantly convert or
		as well as on roofs,		degrade natural habitats unless all of the
		terraces and walls)		following are demonstrated."
		compared to the		"In addition to footprint minimization
		total surface area of		rehabilitation, and revegetation (or
		the plots of all assets		restoration) planning and methods The
				principlestopsoil and restoration of
				vegetation cover disturbance,"

**Source**: Authors' compilation from the documents mentioned in Table 1

## Table 3.3 Indicator wise comparison of SFDR, BRSR and IFC PS (SFDR Table 2)

SFDR Requirements	BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
Table 3		

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements	
ADDITIONAL INDICATORS FOR SOCIAL AND EMPLOYEE,				
RESPECT F	OR HUMAN RIGHTS, ANTI	-CORRUPTION AND		
ANTI-BRIBE	RY MATTERS			
INDICATOR	S FOR SOCIAL AND EMPL	OYEE, RESPECT		
FOR HUMA	N RIGHTS, ANTI-CORRUP	FION AND ANTI-		
BRIBERY M	ATTERS			
Adverse	Adverse impact on	Metric		
sustainabil	sustainability factors			
ity impact	(qualitative or			
	quantitative)			
INDICATOR	S APPLICABLE TO INVES	MENTS IN	This applies to companies that are	This applies to "Client" as defined in IFC
	COMPANIES		mandated to report BRSR	PS
Social and	1. Investments in	Share of	PRINCIPLE 3 Businesses should respect	PS 2 – Labor and Working Conditions
employee	companies without	investments in	and promote the well-being of all	(paragraph 23)
matters	workplace accident	investee	employees, including those in their value	The client will take steps to prevent
	prevention policies	companies	chains (essential indicators 11 and 12)	accidents, injury, andents; and (v)
		without a	"Details of safety related incidents, in the	emergency prevention, preparedness, and
		workplace	following format" and " Describe the	response arrangements.
		accident	measures taken by the entity to ensure a	
		prevention policy	safe and healthy work place."	

SFDR Requ	SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
	2. Rate of accidents	Rate of accidents	Principle 3 - Businesses should respect and	PS 2 Labor and Working Conditions
		in investee	promote the well-being of all employees,	(Occupational Health and Safety –
		companies	including those in their value chains	paragraph 23)
		expressed as a	(essential indicator - 11) covers the	(iv) documentation and reporting of
		weighted average	following:	occupational accidents, diseases, and
			• Total recordable work-related injuries by	incidents
			employees and workers;	WB EHS covers - General EHS Guidelines:
			No. of fatalities	Occupational Health and Safety
			• High consequence work-related injury or	Table 2.9.1. Occupational Accident
			ill-health (excluding fatalities)	Reporting
				Fatalities (number)
				Non-fatal injuries (number)
				Total time lost non-fatal injuries (days)
	3. Number of days lost to	Number of	Principle 3 - Businesses should respect and	PS 2 Labor and Working Conditions
	injuries, accidents,	workdays lost to	promote the well-being of all employees,	(Occupational Health and Safety –
	fatalities or illness	injuries, accidents,	including those in their value chains	paragraph 23) and IFC PS Guidance Note 2
		fatalities or illness	(essential indicator - 11) covers the	GN81
		of investee	following:	(iv) documentation and reporting of
		companies	Lost Time Injury Frequency Rate (LTIFR)	occupational accidents, diseases, and
		expressed as a	(per one million-person hours worked)	incidents
		weighted average		WB EHS covers - General EHS Guidelines:
				Occupational Health and Safety

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements	
	ack of a supplier code conduct	Share of investments in investee companies without any supplier code of conduct (against unsafe working conditions, precarious work, child labour and forced labour)	Principle 5 - Businesses should respect and promote human rights ( essential indicators – 6,9, and 10) addresses this indicator 6. Number of Complaints on the following made by employees and workers 9. Assessments for the year: (both 6 and 9 have the following category): • Child labour • Forced/involuntary labour • Sexual harassment • Discrimination at workplace • Wages • Others – please specify 10. Provide details of any corrective actions taken or underway to address significant risks / concerns arising from the assessments at Question 9 above.	<ul> <li>Table 2.9.1. Occupational Accident</li> <li>Reporting <ul> <li>Fatalities (number)</li> <li>Non-fatal injuries (number)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Total time lost non-fatal injuries (days)</li> <li>PS 2 Labor and Working Conditions (Supply Chain – paragraphs – 27,28, and 29) – <ul> <li>addresses specifically child labor or forced</li> <li>labor</li> </ul> </li> <li>Paragraph 27 - "Where there is a high risk of child labor or forced labor If child</li> <li>labor or forced labor cases are identified, the client will take appropriate steps to remedy them The client will monitor its primary supply chainand if new risks or incidents of child and/or forced labor are identified, the client will take appropriate steps to remedy them."</li> <li>Paragraph 28 - "Additionally, where there is a high risk of significant safety issues related to supply chain workers,taking</li> </ul>

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
			steps to prevent or to correct life-
			threatening situations."
			Paragraph 29 - "The ability of the client to
			fully address these risksthe client will
			shift the project's primary supply chain over
			time to suppliers that can demonstrate that
			they are complying with this Performance
			Standard."
5. Lack of grievance/	Share of	Principle 5 - Businesses should respect and	PS2 Labor and Working Conditions
complaints handling	investments in	promote human rights (essential indicators	(Paragraph – 20)
mechanism related to	investee	– 4 and 5)	"The client will provide a grievance
employee matters	companies without	4. Do you have a focal point (Individual/	mechanism for workers (and their
	any	Committee) responsible for addressing	organizations, where they exist) to raise
	grievance/complai	human rights impacts or issues caused or	workplace concerns."
	nts handling	contributed to by the business?	
	mechanism related	5. Describe the internal mechanisms in	
	to employee	place to redress grievances related to	
	matters	human rights issues.	
6. Insufficient	Share of	BRSR is silent on this specific indicator	IFC PS is silent on this specific indicator.
whistleblower protection	investments in		However, the guidelines provide flexibility
	entities without		under PS 1 - Assessment and Management
	policies on the		of Environmental and Social Risks and
			Impacts (Paragraph 6): "The client will

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
	protection of		establish an overarching policy defining the
	whistleblowers		environmental and social objectives and
			principles that guide the project to achieve
			sound environmental and social
			performance."
			The project proponent may, therefore,
			decide to create such a policy for protection
			of whistleblowers.
7. Incidents of	1. Number of	Principle 5 - Businesses should respect and	PS 2 Labor and Working Conditions has
discrimination	incidents of	promote human rights (essential indicators	one of the main objectives and Non-
	discrimination	- 6, 7, and 9 and leadership indicator 4 for	Discrimination and Equal Opportunity
	reported in	value chain partners)	section (paragraphs – 15 to 18)
	investee	6. Number of Complaints on the following	Objective: To promote the fair treatment,
	companies	made by employees and workers; 9.	non-discrimination, and equal opportunity of
	expressed as a	Assessments for the year;	workers
	weighted average	7. Mechanisms to prevent adverse	"Paragraph 15: The client will not make
	2. Number of	consequences to the complainant in	employment decisions on the basis of
	incidents of	discrimination and harassment cases;	personal characteristics unrelated to
	discrimination	4. Details on assessment of value chain	inherent job requirements."
	leading to	partners: Discrimination at workplace	
	sanctions in	(leadership indicator)	
	investee		
	companies		

SFDR Requ	SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
		expressed as a		
		weighted average		
	8. Excessive CEO pay	Average ratio	Principle 5 - Businesses should respect and	PS 2 Labor and Working Conditions
	ratio	within investee	promote human rights (essential indicator 3)	(Paragraphs 2 and 15 - Non-Discrimination
		companies of the	Details of remuneration/salary/wages, in the	and Equal Opportunity)
		annual total	following format:	The requirements set Organization (ILO)
		compensation for	Number and Median remuneration/ salary/	and the United Nations (UN) (includes ILO
		the highest	wages of respective category for both male	Convention 100 on Equal Remuneration).
		compensated	and female	The client will base t recruitment and
		individual to the	Board of Directors (BoD)	hiring, compensation (including wages and
		median annual	Key Managerial Personnel	benefits), retirement, and disciplinary
		total compensation	Employees other than BoD and KMP	practices.
		for all employees	Workers	
		(excluding the		
		highest-		
		compensated		
		individual)		
Human	9. Lack of a human rights	Share of	Principle 5 - Businesses should respect and	PS 1 Assessment and Management of
Rights	policy	investments in	promote human rights (essential indicator 5)	Environmental and Social Risks and Impacts
		entities without a		(paragraph 3) covers

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
	human rights	Describe the internal mechanisms in place	"Business should respect human rights,
	policy	to redress grievances related to human	enable the client to address many
		rights issues.	relevant human rights issues in its project."
			PS 2 Labor and Working Conditions
			(Paragraph 9)
			The client will provide workers beginning
			the working relationship and when any
			material changes occur.
10. Lack of due diligence	Share of	Principle 5 - Businesses should respect and	PS 1 Assessment and Management of
	investments in	promote human rights (leadership indicator	Environmental and Social Risks and Impacts
	entities without a	5)	(paragraph 3) covers
	due diligence	Details of the scope and coverage of any	"Business should respect human rights,
	process to identify,	Human rights due-diligence conducted.	which means to avoid infringing on the
	prevent, mitigate		human rights of others and address adverse
	and address		human rights impacts business may cause
	adverse human		or contribute to. Each of the Performance
	rights impacts		Standards has elements related to human
			rights dimensions that a project may face in
			the course of its operations. Due diligence
			against these Performance Standards will
			enable the client to address many relevant
			human rights issues in its project."

SFDR Requ	irements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
	11. Lack of processes	Share of	BRSR is silent on this specific indicator.	PS 2 Labor and Working Conditions
	and measures for	investments in	However, guidelines provide flexibility to	(Paragraph 22) and (IFC PS Guidance Note
	preventing trafficking in	investee	report under Principle 5 - Businesses	2, GN 64 and 65).
	human beings	companies	should respect and promote human rights	Forced Labor heading includes (PS 2)
		without policies	(essential indicator 6) has "Other human	"The client will not employ forced labor,
		against trafficking	rights related issues" and (leadership	The client will not employ trafficked
		in human beings	indicator 1) "Details of a business process	persons."
			being modified / introduced as a result of	
			addressing human rights	
			grievances/complaints."	
	12. Operations and	Share of	Principle 5 - Businesses should respect and	PS 2 Labor and Working Conditions
	suppliers at significant	investments in	promote human rights (indicators – 6,9 and	(Paragraph 21) Child Labor heading
	risk of incidents of child	investee	10) addresses this indicator	includes "The client will not employ children
	labour	companies	6. Number of Complaints on the following	of persons under the age of 18 will be
		exposed to	made by employees and workers	subject to an appropriate risk assessment
		operations and	9. Assessments for the year:	and regular monitoring of health, working
		suppliers at	(both 6 and 9 have the following category):	conditions, and hours of work."
		significant risk of	Child labour	
		incidents of child	10. Provide details of any corrective actions	
		labour in terms of	taken or underway to address significant	
		geographic areas	risks / concerns arising from the	
		or type of	assessments at Question 9 above.	
		operation		

SFDR Requ	irements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
	13. Operations and	Share of the	Principle 5 - Businesses should respect and	PS 2 Labor and Working Conditions
	suppliers at significant	investments in	promote human rights (indicators – 6,9 and	(Paragraph 22) and IFC PS Guidance Note
	risk of incidents of forced	investee	10) addresses this indicator	2, GN70
	or compulsory labour	companies	6. Number of Complaints on the following	Forced Labor heading includes
		exposed to	made by employees and workers	"The client will not employ forced labor,
		operations and	9. Assessments for the year:	client will not employ trafficked persons."
		suppliers at	(both 6 and 9 have the following category):	
		significant risk of	Forced/involuntary labour	
		incidents of forced	10. Provide details of any corrective actions	
		or compulsory	taken or underway to address significant	
		labour in terms of	risks / concerns arising from the	
		geographic areas	assessments at Question 9 above.	
		and/or the type of		
		operation		
	14. Number of identified	Number of cases	Principle 5 - Businesses should respect and	PS 1 Assessment and Management of
	cases of severe human	of severe human	promote human rights (essential indicators	Environmental and Social Risks and Impacts
	rights issues and	rights issues and	4 and 5), which can help identify such	(paragraph 3) can help in identify such
	incidents	incidents	incidents, if any.	incidents, if any.
		connected to	However, the company needs to define the	However, severity needs to be defined by
		investee	severity of the issue.	the project proponent.
		companies on a		
		weighted average		
		basis		

SFDR Requi	irements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
Anti-	15. Lack of anti-	Share of	Principle 1 - Businesses should conduct and	IFC PS is silent on this indicator. However,
corruption	corruption and anti-	investments in	govern themselves with integrity, and in a	IFC PS 7 Indigenous Peoples - paragraph
and anti-	bribery policies	entities without	manner that is Ethical, Transparent and	12 – IFC PS Guidance Note 36 while
bribery		policies on anti-	Accountable (essential indicator 4) covers	addressing Free, Prior and Informed
		corruption and	this topic. However, it does not specify that	Consent "Designing a process to achieve
		anti-bribery	the policy needs to be consistent with the	account of the following: (v) The
		consistent with	United Nations Convention against	possibility of unacceptable practices
		the United Nations	Corruption.	(including bribery, corruption, Affected
		Convention against		Communities of Indigenous Peoples".
		Corruption		This PS specifically targets Indigenous
				Peoples. However, the guidelines provide
				flexibility under PS 1 - Assessment and
				Management of Environmental and Social
				Risks and Impacts (Paragraph 6): "The
				client will establish an overarching policy
				defining the environmental and social
				objectives and principles that guide the
				project to achieve sound environmental and
				social performance."
				The project proponent may, therefore,
				decide to create a relevant overarching
				policy.

SFDR Requi	irements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
	16. Cases of insufficient	Share of	Principle 1 - Businesses should conduct and	IFC PS is silent on this indicator. However,
	action taken to address	investments in	govern themselves with integrity, and in a	IFC PS 7 Indigenous Peoples - paragraph
	breaches of standards of	investee	manner that is Ethical, Transparent and	12 – IFC PS Guidance Note 36 while
	anti-corruption and anti-	companies with	Accountable - (essential indicator 4) covers	addressing Free, Prior and Informed
	bribery	identified	" Provide details of any corrective action	Consent "Designing a process to achieve
		insufficiencies in	taken or underway on issues related to fines	account of the following: (v) The
		actions taken to	/ penalties / action taken by regulators/ law	possibility of unacceptable practices
		address breaches	enforcement agencies/ judicial institutions,	(including bribery, corruption, Affected
		in procedures and	on cases of corruption and conflicts of	Communities of Indigenous Peoples".
		standards of anti-	interest."	This PS specifically targets Indigenous
		corruption and		Peoples. However, the guidelines provide
		anti-bribery		flexibility under PS 1 - Assessment and
				Management of Environmental and Social
				Risks and Impacts (Paragraph 6): "The
				client will establish an overarching policy
				defining the environmental and social
				objectives and principles that guide the
				project to achieve sound environmental and
				social performance."
				The project proponent may, therefore,
				decide to create relevant policy and
				disclose the specific indicator.

SFDR Requi	rements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
	17. Number of	Numbers of	Principle 1 - Businesses should conduct and	IFC PS is silent on this indicator. However,
	convictions and amount	convictions and	govern themselves with integrity, and in a	IFC PS 7 Indigenous Peoples - paragraph
	of fines for violation of	amount of fines for	manner that is Ethical, Transparent and	12 – IFC PS Guidance Note 36 while
	anti-corruption and anti-	violations of anti-	Accountable (essential indicator 4) covers "	addressing Free, Prior and Informed
	bribery laws	corruption and	Provide details of any corrective action	Consent "Designing a process to achieve
		anti-bribery laws	taken or underway on issues related to fines	account of the following: (v) The
		by investee	/ penalties / action taken by regulators/ law	possibility of unacceptable practices
		companies	enforcement agencies/ judicial institutions,	(including bribery, corruption, Affected
			on cases of corruption and conflicts of	Communities of Indigenous Peoples."
			interest."	This PS specifically targets Indigenous
				Peoples. However, the guidelines provide
				flexibility under PS 1 - Assessment and
				Management of Environmental and Social
				Risks and Impacts (Paragraph 6): "The
				client will establish an overarching policy
				defining the environmental and social
				objectives and principles that guide the
				project to achieve sound environmental and
				social performance."
				The project proponent may, therefore,
				decide to create relevant policy and
				disclose the specific indicator.

SFDR Rec	luirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
INDICATORS APPLICABLE TO INVESTMENTS IN SOVEREIGNS AND SUPRANATIONALS		Not applicable		
Social	18. Average income	The distribution of		Refer to appropriate government
	inequality score	income and		documents.
		economic		
		inequality among		
		the participants in		
		a particular		
		economy including		
		a quantitative		
		indicator		
		explained in the		
		explanation		
		column		
	19. Average freedom of	Measuring the		Refer to appropriate government
	expression score	extent to which		documents.
		political and civil		
		society		
		organisations can		
		operate freely		
		including a		
		quantitative		
		indicator explained		

SFDR Requi	irements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
		in the explanation		
		column		
Human	20. Average human rights	Measure of the		Refer to appropriate government
rights	performance	average human		documents.
		right performance		
		of investee		
		countries using a		
		quantitative		
		indicator explained		
		in the explanation		
		column		
Governanc	21. Average corruption	Measure of the		Refer to appropriate government
е	score	perceived level of		documents.
		public sector		
		corruption using a		
		quantitative		
		indicator explained		
		in the explanation		
		column		
	22. Non-cooperative tax	Investments in		Refer to appropriate government
	jurisdictions	jurisdictions on the		documents.
		EU list of non-		
		cooperative		

SFDR Require	ements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements
		jurisdictions for tax		
		purposes		
	23. Average political	Measure of the		Refer to appropriate government
	stability score	likelihood that the		documents.
		current regime will		
		be overthrown by		
		the use of force		
		using a		
		quantitative		
		indicator explained		
		in the explanation		
		column		
	24. Average rule of law	Measure of the		Refer to appropriate government
	score	level of corruption,		documents.
		lack of		
		fundamental rights,		
		and the		
		deficiencies in civil		
		and criminal		
		justice using a		
		quantitative		
		indicator explained		

SFDR Requirements		BRSR Requirements	IFC PS Requirements	
		in the explanation		
		column		

**Source**: Authors' compilation from the documents mentioned in Table 1

## Table 4 Total no of indicators and questions to be reported as per SFDR guideline

Fund Type	Pre-Contractual Disclosure		Periodic Disclosures		Disclosure of Principal Adverse Impacts		
	Annex II	Annex III	Annex	Annex V	Annex I		
			IV		Table 1	Table 2	Table 3
SFDR Article 8	Yes		Yes		Yes, for those funds that consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability-related		
SFDR Article 9		Yes		Yes	factors.		
Main questions	13	13	14	14	Table 1 18 indicators		
Sub questions	16	13	15	13	Table 2 22 indicators		
Sub-sub questions	2	2	2	2	Table 3 24 indicators		
Total	31	28	31	29	64 indicators		

Source: (Regulation (EU) 2022/1288, 2022)

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